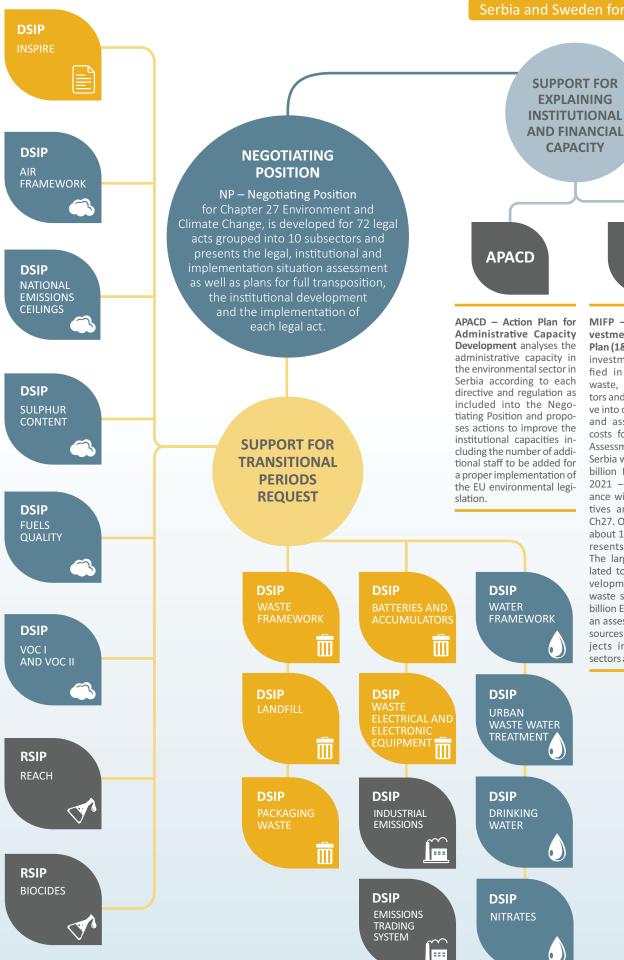
EU ACCESSION - PART 2



MIFP - Multiannual Investment and Financing Plan (1&2) combines all the investment needs identified in DSIPs for water, waste, air, chemicals sectors and for INSPIRE directive into one project pipeline and assesses the overall costs for implementation. Assessment indicates that Serbia will need about 12,7 billion EUR in the period 2021 - 2048 for compliance with major EU directives and regulations for Ch27. Out of total amount, about 12,4 billion EUR represents investment cost. The largest needs are related to infrastructure development in water and waste sectors - above 8,4 billion EUR. It also provides an assessment of financing sources and prioritises projects implementation in sectors and among sectors.

MIFP



EU ACCESSION - PART 2

GLOSSARY FOR EU ACCESSION PHASE



TP-Transitional Period —Some of the requirements of the various directives may require longer implementation periods, which continues after accession to EU — for example for high implementation costs, financing of which can be accumulated only during longer periods. Each transitional period during the negotiations shall be substantiated providing a Directive Specific Implementation Plan.

DSIP – Directive Specific Implementation Plan usually provides a short description of the main requirements of the directive, assessment of the situation in implementation of the directive (including legal, institutional and technical aspects), plan for actions to be taken to fully implement the EU requirements, a cost assessment of these actions, financing mechanisms and a timetable for full implementation.

Landfill DSIP – The Plan for implementation of the Landfill Directive (Council Directive 1999/31/EC as amended) that includes information regarding existing landfills and dumpsites, assessment of their compliance with directive requirements, a plan for development of regional infrastructure (waste collection and transport, transfer stations, source separation – two bins system, with separate collection of recyclables, secondary separation of recyclables – sorting plant, household waste reception/amenity sites (bulky waste, WEEE, hazardous), fully engineered sanitary landfill with compaction, composting of green waste, closure of existing landfills. This DSIP provides a timetable for development of regional systems and a strategy for the reduction of landfilling of biodegradable waste.

Urban Waste Water Treatment (UWWT) DSIP — The Plan for the implementation of the Urban Waste Water Treatment Directive (Council Directive 91/271/EEC) includes a description of the situation in the sector, proposes identification of 398 agglomerations, an identification of sensitive areas and foresees the need for construction of 359 wastewater treatment plants, approximately 10,400 km of new wastewater collection networks and more than 1,000 km of replacement/rehabilitation of the existing network. It also provides an investment cost assessment (4.3 billion EUR) and indicates the main financing sources and implementation periods.

Water Framework DSIP – The Plan for implementation of the Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) includes a transposition and institutional system development assessment, a description of the situation with the development of river basins plans, remaining gaps – and actions to close these gaps – proposed measures for a full implementation of the directive, assessment of costs and financing sources and a timetable for this.

Waste Framework DSIP – The Plan for implementation of the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC) includes a description of the situation in Serbia regarding municipal waste management, measures for increasing waste recycling, collection and treatment of construction and demolition waste, treatment of hazardous waste, costs assessment of these measures, a financing sources description and an implementation timetable. Regarding the waste recycling, it includes separate collection for recyclables by establishing 2 (two) bins collection system – one for mixed waste and another for recyclable waste, secondary waste separation in separation lines, construction of small composting capacities including appropriate vehicles for compost transport and home composting, in order to recycle organic waste from households.

Industrial Emissions DSIP — The Plan for implementation of the Industrial Emissions Directive (2010/75/EU) includes the assessment of a legal and institutional system, a situation assessment with integrated permitting of installations requiring an IPPC permit. The assessment of the technical and financial situation in companies operating these installations and their capacity to finance necessary environmental protection measures indicates required extended implementation periods at operators' level until full implementation of the directive.

RSIPs – Regulation Specific Implementation Plans are developed for REACH Regulation (EC No 1907/2006) and Biocidal Products Regulation (EC No 528/2012) and provide the overall assessment of the national capacity and readiness to implement and enforce the corresponding requirements. RSIPs are used for the explanation of the required adaptation periods during negotiations.





